Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 September 2020

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CONTENTS

	Page
General Information	3
Report of the Directors	4-6
Independent Auditor's Report	7-8
Statement of Comprehensive Income	9
Statement of Financial Position	10
Statement of Changes in Equity	11
Statement of Cash Flows	12
Notes to the Financial Statements	13-26

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GENERAL INFORMATION

DIRECTORS: C Hickling

J Lewis

D Stephenson

ADMINISTRATOR, SECRETARY

AND REGISTRAR:

Praxis Fund Services Limited

Sarnia House

Le Truchot St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 1GR

INVESTMENT ADVISER: Investec Corporate and Institutional Banking

36 Hans Strijdom Avenue

Foreshore

Cape Town 8001 South Africa

REGISTERED OFFICE: Sarnia House

Le Truchot St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 1GR

AUDITOR: Saffery Champness GAT LLP

PO Box 141

La Tonnelle House Les Banques St Sampson Guernsey GY1 3HS

BANKERS: Investec Bank (Channel Islands) Limited

PO Box 188 Glategny Court Glategny Esplanade

St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 3LP

COMPANY REGISTRATION NO: 48918

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS For the year ended 30 September 2020

The Directors present the annual report and the audited financial statements ("the financial statements") of Asia Pacific Basket Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 30 September 2020.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Company is that of a limited life investment holding company.

The Company is a Guernsey Authorised closed-ended investment company and is subject to the Authorised Collective Investment Scheme Rules 2008. The Company is listed on the Bermuda Stock Exchange.

Going concern

Under the terms of the Company's prospectus, following a successful fund raising in December 2017, the life of the Company was extended for a period of between 5 and 10 years from 20 December 2017. In the absence of a further special resolution to extend the life of the Company, the Company's shares will be redeemed and the Company will terminate between January 2023 and January 2028.

The Board notes that the onset of the Covid-19 pandemic has had a significant disruptive impact on economies and financial markets worldwide, and has undertaken an assessment of the effect that the pandemic may have on the Company's ability to operate as a going concern.

The Board considers that the Covid-19 pandemic will not have a significant impact on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, for the following reasons:

- The Company is closed-ended, as a result of which the Board has the power to decline requests to redeem shareholdings if it believes that such redemptions are not in the best interests of the Company;
- Should the Board agree to a redemption, it would be offered to the investor at a price that the assets can be redeemed in the market. The Company itself would not be exposed to any losses that may arise;
- The Company is less exposed to the risk of widespread investor sell-off, because of the defensive nature of the Company's investment profile. Other than through default or insolvency of the debt provider, investors will be aware that a key element of the Company's investment strategy is to provide capital protection, therefore limiting their exposure to falls in the markets of the kind that are currently being experienced; and
- Since the reporting date, the Board has received no enquiries, either directly or via the Investment Adviser, from investors wishing to redeem their shareholdings at any other time other than at the predetermined planned date of redemption.

As a result of the above considerations, and as the Company has sufficient working capital and adequate resources to continue in operations and meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future, the Directors have determined that these financial statements should be prepared on a going concern basis.

Results and Dividends

The Statement of Comprehensive Income is set out on page 9. The Directors do not propose a dividend for the year (2019: £Nil).

Directors

The Directors of the Company during the year and to the date of this report are detailed below.

C Hickling

J Lewis

D Stephenson

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2020

Directors' and Other Interests

Janine Lewis is a Director of the Company and a director of Praxis Fund Services Limited ('PFSL'), the Company's Administrator, Secretary, Custodian and Registrar, David Stephenson is a Director of the Company and an employee of PFSL, and Chris Hickling is a Director of the Company and a director of Praxis Fund Holdings Limited, the immediate parent company of PFSL. Janine Lewis, Chris Hickling and David Stephenson are shareholders in PraxisIFM Group Limited, the ultimate parent company of PFSL.

During the year, no Director has had any beneficial interest in the shares of the Company.

No Director of the Company, or Investec Corporate and Institutional Banking ('ICIB'), the Investment Advisor to the Company, holds any right, either contingent or otherwise, to subscribe for shares in the Company.

Details of fees paid to PFSL and ICIB during the year are contained in notes 5 and 17 to these Financial Statements.

Total

No fees were paid to the Directors by the Company during the year.

Historical Results

The results and assets and liabilities of the Company for the last 5 years are as follows:

			Comprehensive
	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Income
	AUD	AUD	AUD
Year ended 30 September 2020	174,615,056	178,451	5,095,478
Year ended 30 September 2019	169,535,082	193,955	14,067,800
Year ended 30 September 2018	151,309,679	106,035	17,574,923
Year ended 30 September 2017	87,587,210	97,791	19,687,215
Year ended 30 September 2016	67,893,943	91,739	3,475,026
Investment Portfolio			
The Company's investment portfolio comprises the following	g investments:		
	Percentage of	Cost	Market Value
	portfolio	AUD	AUD
Investec Bank Limited Subordinated Callable Notes	82.0%	110,194,344	138,651,465
UBS AG Index Basket Option	18.0%	12,452,717	30,427,266
	_	122,647,061	169,078,731

Investec Bank Limited and UBS AG are providers of financial services.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the financial year, and of the profit or loss for the financial year.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2020

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (continued)

Under that law, the Directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable appropriate accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether IFRSs have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements: and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 and with The Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1987. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors confirm that:

- so far as each Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware;
- each Director has taken all the steps he ought to have taken as a Director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information; and
- the financial statements give a true and fair view and have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 and with The Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1987.

Auditor

A resolution to re-appoint Saffery Champness as auditor will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board

Janine Lewis
Director
12 November 2020

Independent auditor's report to the members

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Asia Pacific Basket Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 30 September 2020, which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and related notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs").

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 30 September 2020 and of the profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have failed to obtain all the information which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, is necessary for the purposes of our audit.

Independent auditor's report to the members (continued)

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on pages 5 and 6, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 262 of The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

SAFFERY CHAMPNESS GAT LLP
Chartered Accountants
St Sampson
Guernsey
12 November 2020

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOMEFor the year ended 30 September 2020

INCOME	Notes	2020 AUD	2019 AUD
Interest income	6	8,485,722	7,759,844
GAINS/(LOSSES) ON INVESTMENTS Unrealised gains/(losses) on investments at fair value through profit or loss	7	9,587,232	(2,355,731)
	,	18,072,954	5,404,113
Operating expenses Foreign exchange gains/(losses)	9	(2,415,162) 22,059	(2,349,068) (26,224)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		15,679,851	3,028,821
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Items reclassifiable to profit and loss Foreign exchange translation (losses)/gains	16	(10,584,373)	11,038,979
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		(10,584,373)	11,038,979
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	,	5,095,478	14,067,800
Earnings per share			
Basic and diluted earnings per A share	10	AUD 190.89	AUD 36.87
Basic and diluted earnings per B share	10	AUD 190.89	AUD 36.87

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 30 September 2020

NON-CURRENT ASSETS	Notes	2020 AUD	2019 AUD
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	7	30,427,266	22,658,876
Investments at amortised cost	8	138,651,465	138,695,489
invostments at amortised cost	Ü		
		169,078,731	161,354,365
CURRENT ASSETS			000 0 45
Trade and other receivables	11	530,418	626,345
Long-term deposits		4,104,877	6,158,955
Cash and cash equivalents		901,030	1,395,417
		5,536,325	8,180,717
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	12	(14,251)	(76,601)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		5,522,074	8,104,116
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	12	(164,200)	(117,354)
		474 426 605	160 241 127
		174,436,605	169,341,127
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital	13	975	975
Share premium	14	117,785,352	117,785,352
Retained earnings	15	47,716,025	32,036,174
Translation reserve	16	8,934,253	19,518,626
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		174,436,605	169,341,127
Number of fully paid Class A AUD shares		35,052.214	35,052.214
Number of fully paid Class B USD shares		47,088.068	47,088.068
		•	
Net Asset Value per Class A AUD share		AUD 2,123.64	AUD 2,061.61
Net Asset Value per Class B USD share		USD 1,520.95	USD 1,391.59

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 12 November 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Janine Lewis Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 30 September 2020

	Management Shareholders		A and B Shareh			Total
	Unpaid Share Capital AUD	Share Capital AUD	Share Premium AUD	Retained Earnings AUD	Translation reserve AUD	Total AUD
Year ended 30 September 2019						
At 30 September 2018	10	965	117,785,352	24,937,670	8,479,647	151,203,644
Net profit for the year	-	-	-	3,028,821	-	3,028,821
Adjustment on adoption of IFRS 9 - reclassification of financial assets to amortised cost (note 8)	-	-	-	4,069,683	-	4,069,683
Other comprehensive income Foreign exchange translation gains (note 16)	-	-	-	-	11,038,979	11,038,979
At 30 September 2019	10	965	117,785,352	32,036,174	19,518,626	169,341,127
Year ended 30 September 2020						
Net profit for the year	-	-	-	15,679,851	-	15,679,851
Other comprehensive income Foreign exchange translation losses (note 16)	-	-	-	-	(10,584,373)	(10,584,373)
At 30 September 2020	10	965	117,785,352	47,716,025	8,934,253	174,436,605

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended 30 September 2020

Note	es	2020 AUD	2019 AUD
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net profit for the year		15,679,851	3,028,821
Adjustments for:			
Interest income 6	;	(8,485,722)	(7,759,844)
Interest expense Unrealised (gains)/losses on investments at fair value through profit or)	56,642	84,845
loss 7	•	(9,587,232)	2,355,731
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables		27,676	(65,927)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables (excluding interest			
payable)		(131)	3,075
Net cash outflow from operating activities	_	(2,308,916)	(2,353,299)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Bank interest income		168,665	90,109
Transfer from long-term deposits		2,054,078	1,649,876
Net cash inflow from investing activities	_	2,222,743	1,739,985
Cash flows from financing activities			
Interest paid		(62,219)	-
Net cash outflow from financing activities	_	(62,219)	-
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents for the year		(148,392)	(613,314)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,395,417	1,390,336
Foreign exchange translation (losses)/gains		(345,995)	618,395
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	-	901,030	1,395,417

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2020

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Asia Pacific Basket Limited ("the Company") is a company incorporated and domiciled in Guernsey under The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. The address of the registered office is given on page 3. The principal activity of the Company and its operations are detailed on page 4. These financial statements are presented in Australian Dollars. The functional currency of the Company is US Dollars.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company, have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS'). The financial statements comply with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of certain financial instruments measured at fair value.

Going concern

Under the terms of the Company's prospectus, following a successful fund raising in December 2017, the life of the Company was extended for a period of between 5 and 10 years from 20 December 2017. In the absence of a further special resolution to extend the life of the Company, the Company's shares will be redeemed and the Company will terminate between January 2023 and January 2028.

The Board notes that the onset of the Covid-19 pandemic has had a significant disruptive impact on economies and financial markets worldwide, and has undertaken an assessment of the effect that the pandemic may have on the Company's ability to operate as a going concern.

The Board considers that the Covid-19 pandemic will not have a significant impact on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, for the following reasons:

- The Company is closed-ended, as a result of which the Board has the power to decline requests to redeem shareholdings if it believes that such redemptions are not in the best interests of the Company;
- Should the Board agree to a redemption, it would be offered to the investor at a price that the assets can be redeemed in the market. The Company itself would not be exposed to any losses that may arise;
- The Company is less exposed to the risk of widespread investor sell-off, because of the defensive nature of the Company's investment profile. Other than through default or insolvency of the debt provider, investors will be aware that a key element of the Company's investment strategy is to provide capital protection, therefore limiting their exposure to falls in the markets of the kind that are currently being experienced; and
- Since the reporting date, the Board has received no enquiries, either directly or via the Investment Adviser, from investors wishing to redeem their shareholdings at any other time other than at the predetermined planned date of redemption.

As a result of the above considerations, and as the Company has sufficient working capital and adequate resources to continue in operations and meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future, the Directors have determined that these financial statements should be prepared on a going concern basis.

Adoption of new and revised standards

There were no new standards adopted by the Company during the year that had a material effect on the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

New, revised and amended standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 30 September 2020 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the Company. These standards are not expected to have a material impact on the entity in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

Financial assets - classification

Under IFRS 9, the classification and measurement of financial assets is driven by the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristic of those financial assets.

The Company has determined that it has two distinct business models, as follows:

- (i) To invest in a holding of Investec Bank Limited Callable Notes (the 'Notes'). Under IFRS 9, financial assets that are debt instruments may be classified as either (a) amortised cost, (b) fair value through other comprehensive income or (c) fair value through profit and loss. The purpose of the Company's investment in the Notes is to collect the contractual cashflows of solely payments of principal and interest arising on maturity, which will provide capital protection for investors in the Company, and accordingly, the Company has determined that this investment should be classified as an investment at amortised cost.
- (ii) To invest in an option linked to a basket of indices, in order to provide investors with a potential upside on their investment. Under the terms of IFRS 9, the option is automatically classified as an investment at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets - recognition and subsequent measurement

Purchased financial assets are recognised on trade date, being the date on which the Company irrevocably commits to purchase the asset.

All investments are measured initially at fair value net of transaction costs, except where the investment will subsequently be measured at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs relating to the acquisition of investments at fair value through profit or loss are expensed as incurred in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

After initial recognition, the Company's Option investment is measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"). Fair value is calculated using quoted market prices, independent appraisals, discounted cash flow analysis or other appropriate valuation models at the reporting date. Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in other gains/(losses) in profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income as applicable.

After initial recognition, the Company's Notes are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Interest income from this financial asset is included in profit or loss. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses) together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses, including expected credit losses at initial recognition and changes to expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition, are presented as a separate line item in profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income.

All gains or losses are recognised in the period in which they arise.

Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Liquid resources

Liquid resources comprise cash and cash equivalents and long-term deposits. Cash and cash equivalents comprises bank balances and short term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. Deposits with an original maturity of greater than three months are classified as long-term deposits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional, unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Company holds the receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The Company applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables and contract assets.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Interest income

Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost is calculated using the effective interest rate method and recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (the "functional currency"). With effect from 21 December 2017, the Directors have determined that the functional currency of the Company is US Dollars, as it is the currency in which the Company's investments are denominated, the majority of capital raised and in which the majority of the Company's expenses are incurred. The Directors have selected Australian Dollars as the presentation currency of the Company.

Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into Australian Dollars at the rate of exchange ruling on the reporting date. Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of US Dollars at the rate of exchange ruling on the date of the transaction and then translated into Australian Dollars for presentation purposes. Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to the functional currency are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which they arise. Differences arising on translation from the functional currency to the presentation currency are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are taken to the translation reserve.

Expenses

Expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis. All expenses are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except for expenses incurred in relation to the launch of the Company, which were charged against share premium.

Taxation

The Company is exempt from Guernsey income tax under the Income Tax (Exempt Bodies) (Guernsey) Ordinance 1989 and is charged an annual exemption fee of £1,200 (2019: £1,200).

3. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Board of Directors considers that the Company is engaged in a single segment of business, being the holding of investments. The Board considers that it is the Company's Chief Operating Decision Maker.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2020

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate was revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The areas involving significant estimates or judgements are:

- Classification of and subsequent measurement basis of financial instruments see note 2 (Financial assets classification);
- Determination of the functional currency see note 2 (Foreign exchange);
- Estimated fair value of financial assets measured at FVPL see note 7; and
- Impairment of financial assets measured at amortised cost see notes 8 and 11.

5. SIGNIFICANT AGREEMENTS

The following significant agreements have been entered into by the Company:

Administration, Custodian and Secretarial Agreement

Under the Administration, Custodian and Secretarial Agreement effective from 21 December 2017, the Company has agreed to pay or procure to be paid to the administrator, for its services as administrator, secretary, custodian and registrar, a fee of 0.135% (2019: 0.135%) per annum of the Company's funds (as reduced by any redemptions of Ordinary Shares prior to the Redemption Date, which attract a redemption fee of 0.5% of the value of the redemption). In addition the administrator is entitled to receive interest earned by the Company on the unpaid element of the fees. See notes 9, 11, 12 and 17 for details of administration fees and interest paid in the year and balances outstanding at the year end.

Investment Advisory Agreement

Under the Investment Advisory Agreement effective from 21 December 2017, the Company has agreed to pay or procure to be paid to the advisor, for its services as advisor, a fee of 0.65% (2019: 0.65%) per annum of the Company's funds (as reduced by any redemptions of Ordinary Shares prior to the Redemption Date, which attract a redemption fee of 0.5% of the value of the redemption). In addition the advisor is entitled to receive interest earned by the Company on the unpaid element of the fees. See notes 9, 11, 12 and 17 for details of investment advisory fees and interest paid in the year and balances outstanding at the year end.

Distribution Agreement

Under the individual Distribution Agreements effective from 21 December 2017, the Company has agreed to pay or procure to be paid to the distributors a fee of 0.65% (2019: 0.65%) per annum of that portion of the Company's funds that is derived from the subscription amount subscribed for by Subscribers introduced by the distributor (as reduced by any redemptions of such Ordinary Shares prior to the Redemption Date), or holders of existing issued Ordinary Shares introduced by the Distributor and who elect to remain invested in the Company (as reduced by any redemptions of such Ordinary Shares prior to the Redemption Date). See notes 9 and 11 for details of distribution fees paid in the year and balances outstanding at the year end. Investec Corporate and Institutional Banking, the Company's Investment Advisor, is also a Distributor for the Company.

All fees described above are payable annually in advance on the anniversary of the Trade Date (the date of investment of the Company's funds) each year until the Termination Date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2020

6.	INTEREST INCOME	2020 AUD	2019 AUD
	Interest on investments at amortised cost	8,385,308	7,616,607
	Bank interest	100,414	143,237
		8,485,722	7,759,844
7.	The effective interest rate used for calculating the interest on the Notes is 6.07% (2 INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS	2020	2019
	UBS AG Index Basket Option	AUD	AUD
	Fair value brought forward	22,658,876	23,470,466
	Fair value adjustment in the year	9,587,232	(2,355,731)
	Translation difference	(1,818,842)	1,544,141
	Fair value carried forward	30,427,266	22,658,876

The UBS AG Index Basket Option is a call option linked to a basket of indices comprising the following:

•	S&P 500 Index	40%
•	Euro Stoxx 50 Index	30%
•	Nikkei 225 Index	15%
•	iShares MSCI Emerging Markets Index	15%

The Directors determine the fair value of the Option based on valuations provided by UBS AG. The valuation/price of the Option is calculated by UBS AG using an option pricing model and a bid/ask price spread is published daily on Reuters.

The Option has been classified as a level 2 investment in the fair value hierarchy as the valuation is derived from observable inputs other than quoted prices in an active market (see note 18(iv)). The key inputs to the valuation were the notional value of the Option (USD 109,014,549 (2019: USD 109,014,549)) and the published bid price of the Option (19.99% (2019: 14.03%)) as at 30 September 2020. The key inputs to the published bid price of the Option were the closing prices as at 30 September 2020 of the S&P 500 index (3,363.00 (2019: 2,976.74)), Euro Stoxx 50 index (3,193.61 (2019: 3,569.45)), Nikkei 225 index (23,185.12 (2019: 21,755.84)) and iShares MSCI Emerging Markets index (44.09 (2019: 40.87)).

	2020	2019
Investec Bank Limited Subordinated Callable Notes	AUD	AUD
Fair value brought forward	-	118,132,756
Reclassification to investments at amortised cost	-	(118,132,756)
Fair value carried forward	-	-

On the adoption of IFRS 9 at the commencement of the prior year, the Company's investment in the Notes was reclassified as an investment at amortised cost (see note 8).

9

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2020

8.	INVESTMENTS AT AMORTISED COST	2020	2019
		AUD	AUD
	Investec Bank Limited Unsecured Subordinated Callable Notes		
	Carrying value brought forward	138,695,489	-
	Reclassification from investments at fair value through profit or loss	-	118,132,756
	Adjustment to carrying value on adoption of IFRS 9	-	4,069,683
	Interest for the year	8,385,310	7,616,607
	Translation difference	(8,429,334)	8,876,443
	Carrying value carried forward	138,651,465	138,695,489

The Investec Bank Limited Unsecured Subordinated Callable Notes (the "Notes") were acquired on 28 December 2017. The Notes function as zero coupon notes for a period of five years, and are redeemable at the option of the issuer on 28 December 2022. Should the Notes not be redeemed on 28 December 2022, they will subsequently be reclassified as Floating Rate Notes, paying interest quarterly at a rate of USD LIBOR plus 4%, with an ultimate compulsory maturity date of 28 December 2027.

On the adoption of IFRS 9 at the start of the prior year, the Notes were reclassified from an investment at fair value through profit or loss to an investment at amortised cost (see note 7). An adjustment of AUD 4,069,683 was required in the prior year to the brought forward value of the Notes as a result of its reclassification as an investment at amortised cost.

The Notes are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest used for calculating the interest income is disclosed in note 6.

The calculation of impairment, including expected credit losses, is based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgments in making this assumption and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on past history and existing market conditions (see note 18(ii)). The Company has assessed the investment in the Notes for impairment and expected credit losses at the reporting date and has concluded that as at the year end no impairment or credit losses are expected over the life of the investment (2019: no impairment or credit losses were expected over the life of the investment).

9. OPERATING EXPENSES	2020	2019
	AUD	AUD
Distributor fees	1,041,019	1,001,360
Investment advisory fees	1,045,584	1,007,385
Administration fees	220,393	218,884
Auditor's remuneration	15,262	14,018
Guernsey Financial Services Commission licence fees	6,719	6,181
Listing & sponsorship fees	17,820	10,856
Statutory fees	3,349	3,060
Professional indemnity insurance	2,059	1,991
Interest expense	56,642	84,845
Sundry expenses	6,315	488
	2,415,162	2,349,068

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2020

10.	FΑ	RNII	NGS	PER	SHA	RE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the following data:

	2020	2019
Profit attributable to shares:	AUD	AUD
Profit for the purpose of calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share being profit for the year attributable to shareholders	15,679,851	3,028,821
Number of shares:		
Weighted average number of shares for the purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share	82,140.28	82,140.28
Earnings per share attributable to A shares	AUD 190.89	AUD 36.87
Earnings per share attributable to B shares	AUD 190.89	AUD 36.87

A weighted average number of shares has been calculated to enable users to gain a fairer understanding of the profit generated per share through the year. The weighted average has been calculated with reference to the number of days shares have actually been in issue and hence their ability to influence income generated.

11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	2020	2019
	AUD	AUD
Bank interest receivable	30,692	98,943
Prepaid administration fee	46,164	48,982
Prepaid distributor fees	221,181	235,247
Prepaid investment advisory fee	222,272	235,839
Other debtors and prepayments	10,109	7,334
	530,418	626,345
12. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	2020	2019
	AUD	AUD
Current		
Audit fee	14,251	14,382
Interest payable		62,219
	14,251	76,601
Non-current		
Interest payable	164,200	117,354

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2020

13. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised:

Following the adoption of the Company's amended Articles Of Association on 25 August 2017, the Company no longer has any defined authorised share capital.

	2020	2019
Issued and fully paid	AUD	AUD
10 Management shares of AUD 1 each	10	10
35,052.214 A Class AUD shares of AUD 0.01 each	350	350
47,088.068 B Class USD shares of USD 0.01 each	615	615
	975	975

A Class and B Class shares are entitled to 1 vote each at a general meeting of the Company. Under the terms of the Company's prospectus, and in the absence of a further special resolution to extend the life of the Company, the Company's shares will be redeemed and the Company will terminate between December 2022 and December 2027. Shareholders are entitled to receive any dividends or distributions from the Company and any surplus arising on the winding up of the Company after the payment of creditors and redemption of the Management shares at their nominal value.

Management shares are entitled to 10,000 votes each at a general meeting of the Company. Management shares may only be owned by The Basket Trust (see note 17) or its nominee. Management shareholders are not entitled to receive any dividends or distributions from the Company nor any surplus arising on the winding up of the Company in excess of the nominal value of the Management shares.

14. SHARE PREMIUM

2020	A Class	B Class	Total
Balance brought forward and carried forward	AUD 50,263,248	AUD 67,522,104	AUD 117,785,352
2019	A Class	B Class	Total
	AUD	AUD	AUD
Balance brought forward and carried forward	50,263,248	67,522,104	117,785,352

15. RETAINED EARNINGS

Movements in retained earnings are attributable to A Class and B Class shareholders as follows:

2020	A Class	B Class	Total
	AUD	AUD	AUD
Balance brought forward	13,670,988	18,365,186	32,036,174
Net profit for the year	6,691,157	8,988,694	15,679,851
Balance carried forward	20,362,145	27,353,880	47,716,025
2019	A Class	B Class	Total
	AUD	AUD	AUD
Balance brought forward	10,641,801	14,295,869	24,937,670
Net profit for the year	1,292,507	1,736,314	3,028,821
Adjustment on adoption of IFRS 9 - reclassification of financial			
assets to amortised cost (note 8)	1,736,680	2,333,003	4,069,683
Balance carried forward	13,670,988	18,365,186	32,036,174

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2020

16. TRANSLATION RESERVE

Movements in the translation reserve are attributable to A Class and B Class shareholders as follows:

2020	A Class AUD	B Class AUD	Total AUD
Balance brought forward	8,329,300	11,189,326	19,518,626
Foreign exchange translation losses	(4,516,733)	(6,067,640)	(10,584,373)
Balance carried forward	3,812,567	5,121,686	8,934,253
2019	A Class	B Class	Total
	AUD	AUD	AUD
Balance brought forward	3,618,570	4,861,077	8,479,647
Foreign exchange translation gains	4,710,730	6,328,249	11,038,979
Balance carried forward	8,329,300	11,189,326	19,518,626

17. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The immediate controlling party at the year end date is PraxisIFM Trust Limited as trustee of The Basket Trust, which owns the Management shares in the Company. There is no ultimate controlling party of the Company.

The ultimate controlling party of PraxisIFM Trust Limited is PraxisIFM Group Limited ('PGL'). PGL is also the ultimate controlling party of Praxis Fund Services Limited ('PFSL'), the administrator of the Company. PFSL is deemed to be a related party, as Janine Lewis (a Director of the Company) is a director of PFSL and a shareholder in PGL; Chris Hickling (a Director of the Company) is a director of Praxis Fund Holdings Limited, the immediate parent of PFSL, and a shareholder in PGL; and David Stephenson (a Director of the Company) is an employee of PFSL and a shareholder in PGL. During the year PFSL earned AUD 220,393 (2019: AUD 218,884) for their services as administrator. At the year end date administration fees of AUD 46,164 had been paid to PFSL in advance (2019: AUD 48,982). At the year end date interest on outstanding fees of AUD 28,660 (2019: AUD 20,628) was payable to PFSL.

The Investment Advisor, Investec Corporate and Institutional Banking ("ICIB"), a division of Investec Bank Limited, the issuer of the Company's Notes, is deemed to be a related party due to the significant influence it can exert over the operations of the Company. During the year ICIB earned AUD 1,045,584 (2019: AUD 1,007,385) for their services as investment advisor. At the year end date advisory fees of AUD 222,272 (2019: AUD 235,839) had been paid to ICIB in advance and interest on outstanding fees of AUD 135,540 (2019: AUD 158,945) was payable to ICIB.

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk from the financial instruments it holds. The Company has a fixed modus operandi, as stated in its prospectus, which is to invest its capital in a zero coupon bond (or other structured product with similar characteristics) and an option or options on a specified index or basket of indices; and to retain a certain element of cash to cover expenses to be incurred over the specified period of its life. As a result of this, the Company's flexibility in dealing with the risks associated with these instruments is somewhat limited. However, the risk management policies that are employed by the Company to manage these risks are discussed below. There have been no changes to the Company's exposure to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk; or its objectives, policies and procedures for managing such risks, since the prior year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2020

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS (continued)

(i) Market risk

(a) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Company's functional currency. As at 30 September 2020 the Company was exposed to foreign exchange risk in relation to the following assets and liabilities:

		2020	2019
	Source currency	AUD	AUD
Cash and cash equivalents	Sterling	399,857	435,738
Trade and other payables	Sterling	(14,251)	(14,382)
Cash and cash equivalents	Australian Dollar	53	59,908
Trade and other payables	Australian Dollar	-	(62,219)
Cash and cash equivalents	South African Rand	2,453	2,880
		388,112	421,925

At 30 September 2020, the foreign currency exposure of the Company against the functional currency of US Dollars, principally to Sterling, represented 0.2% of Equity Shareholder's Funds (2019: 0.2%). The Company's policy is not to manage the Company's exposure to foreign exchange movements by entering into any foreign exchange hedging transactions. If the exchange rate of the US Dollar against other currencies at the year end date had been 10% higher/lower (2019: 10% higher/lower), this would have resulted in an increase/decrease in the year end net asset value of AUD 38,811 (2019: AUD 42,193). The sensitivity rate of 10% is regarded as reasonable as this approximates to the level of volatility of Sterling against the US Dollar during the year.

The Company had no other material currency exposures as at 30 September 2020 or 30 September 2019.

(b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its cash and cash equivalents and fixed deposits and on interest payable on outstanding future fees. At 30 September 2020, the Company held cash and cash equivalents of AUD 901,030 (2019: AUD 1,395,417), which earned interest at a weighted average rate of 0% (2019: 0.68%), and held a long-term deposit of AUD 4,104,877 (2019: 6,158,955), which earned interest at a rate of 1.45% (2019: 2.92%). At 30 September 2020, the Company had outstanding future fees on which interest is payable of AUD 1,711,533 (2019: AUD 3,803,399), on which interest at a rate of 1.45% (2019: 2.92%) is payable.

Had these balances existed for the whole of the year and all other factors remained the same, the effect on the Statement of Comprehensive Income of an increase/decrease in short term interest rates of 0.25% (2019: 0.5%) per annum would have been an increase of AUD 8,236/decrease of AUD 7,213 in total comprehensive income for the year (2019: increase of AUD 24,936/decrease of AUD 22,443). The sensitivity rate of 0.25% is regarded as reasonable in relation to the current US base rate of 0.25% (2019: 2.25%) as interest rates on US Dollar bank accounts are not currently volatile and increases or decreases applied by the Federal Reserve to the base rate are usually applied in increments of 0.25%.

The Company had no other material interest rate exposures as at either 30 September 2020 or 30 September 2019. The Company's Notes are not interest bearing, however, the Notes are measured using amortised cost, and the unwind of the discount over the life of the Notes is recognised as interest in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2020

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS (continued)

(i) Market risk (continued)

(c) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of an instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer or all factors affecting all instruments traded in the market. The Company's investment in the UBS Call Option is valued by reference to movements in the levels of the underlying indices, and so is directly affected by changes in market prices. The Company's investment in Investec Bank Limited Callable Notes is measured at amortised cost, and is therefore not subject to price risk.

Price risk is managed at inception by investing in a combination of two financial instruments: a holding of zero coupon bonds (or other structured product with similar characteristics) that should provide capital protection for investors; and a call option on an index or basket of indices that the investment advisor believes is most likely to provide positive performance during the life of the Fund. In order to provide capital protection, the amount of Notes acquired is calculated with the intention that the maturing amount will be sufficient to guarantee that all investors who remain in the Fund to maturity will at minimum get back the amount that they invested plus a return of 4%. The Call Option provides the potential for significant upside performance, should the relevant indices perform well, with the downside limited to loss of the initial option premium.

The investment premise of the Fund involves participation in the potential upside afforded by the Option, whilst enjoying the capital protection afforded by the Notes. Therefore, whilst the Board monitors the performance of the Option and the Notes, it is unlikely that the Board would consider redeeming these at any stage, other than in relation to the redemption of investors' shares. As a result, the management of price risk effectively occurs at the inception of the Fund in the selection of investments, and is not an active ongoing process during the remainder of the life of the Fund.

The investments at fair value through profit or loss expose the Company to price risk. The details are as follows:

	2020	2019
	AUD	AUD
UBS AG Index Basket Option	30,427,266	22,658,876
	30,427,266	22,658,876

A 50% increase/decrease in the fair value of the Call Option at 30 September 2020 would have increased/decreased the Net Asset Value of the Company by AUD 15,213,633 (2019: AUD 11,329,438). The sensitivity rate of 50% is regarded as reasonable due to the potential volatility of the indices to which the Option is linked, magnified by the participation rate of 240.1% attached to the Option.

(ii) Credit risk

Credit risk arises when a failure by counter-parties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets on hand at the year end date. These financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, long-term deposits, debtors, investments at amortised cost and investments at fair value through profit or loss. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparty with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying value or fair value of these instruments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2020

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS (continued)

(ii) Credit risk (continued)

The Company states in its Prospectus that it will invest in subordinated debt instruments issued by Investec Bank Limited ('IBL') and an option linked to a specified index, and provides extensive disclosure to shareholders of those instruments and the risks attached thereto. As a result of this, the Company's policy for managing the credit risk attached to the Company's financial assets is to monitor the credit rating of the relevant counterparty for any significant deterioration, without reference to an absolute range of credit ratings. In the event of there being any significant deterioration in the perceived creditworthiness of the counterparty to a point where shareholders' interest may be at risk, the Directors in their absolute discretion would consider the following courses of action: selling the relevant securities to third party purchasers and reinvesting the proceeds in the purchase of securities of another issuer, such that the new securities would replicate as closely as possible the terms and conditions of the original securities; and transferring cash to another banking institution. At initial recognition of the Notes and the Option, the Directors considered the credit risk attached to these instruments to be low, and this remains their view. The Directors would only seek to sell the relevant securities or transfer cash if they (in consultation with the investment advisor) consider that such would be in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.

In accordance with this policy, the Board (in consultation with the investment advisor) has noted that the Fitch long-term credit rating of IBL as at 30 September 2020 was BB+ (2019: BB+), and also notes Fitch's comment that IBL's rating is constrained by the sovereign rating of South Africa of BB+. The year end rating of Investec plc, a sister company to IBL, is BBB+ (2019: BBB+). As a result, the Directors and the investment advisor believe that it is not in the best interest of shareholders to attempt to unwind the debt instruments prior to their ultimate maturity date on 28 December 2027, as they believe firstly that there has been no significant deterioration in the creditworthiness of IBL, and secondly that obtaining an alternative investment with an institution with a higher credit rating could only be achieved on less favourable terms than those offered by the debt instruments, which could affect the Company's ability to offer capital protection to shareholders on their investment.

The Company monitors the creditworthiness of its counterparties on an ongoing basis and considers a financial asset to be in default when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 60 days of when they fall due. No instances of default or significant changes to the Company's credit risk or expected loss rates have been identified in the last 12 months.

The majority of the Company's trade and other receivables consist of prepayments and there is no credit risk associated with these balances.

The Option is held with UBS AG, which has a Fitch long-term rating at the year end date of AA- (2019: AA-). The cash and cash equivalents are held with Investec Bank (Channel Islands) Limited, which has a Fitch long term rating at the year end date of BBB+ (2019: BBB+).

(iii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet financial liability obligations as they fall due, which may cause financial losses to the Company. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents with financial institutions on a short-term basis in order to maintain a high level of liquidity. This ensures that the Company is able to complete transactions in a timely manner, thus minimising the Company's exposure to such losses.

The Board reviews the cash resources of the Company on an ongoing basis to ensure that sufficient monies are held on call account to meet the Company's short-term obligations. At 30 September 2020 the cash on call was AUD 901,030 (2019: AUD 1,395,435), which is considered by the Board to be sufficient to meet all the Company's short-term obligations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2020

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS (continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following table analyses the Company's financial liabilities, which will be settled on a net basis, into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the estimated contractual undiscounted cash flows.

30 September 2020	Less than 6 months AUD	6 to 12 months AUD	1 to 5 years AUD
Trade and other payables	14,251	-	164,200
Net exposure	14,251	-	164,200
	Less than 6 months	6 to 12 months	1 to 5 years
30 September 2019	AUD	AUD	AUD
Trade and other payables	76,601	-	117,354
Net exposure	76,601	-	117,354

(iv) Fair value hierarchy

The following table analyses instruments carried at fair value, by level of the fair value hierarchy. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

30 September 2020	Level 1 AUD	Level 2 AUD	Level 3 AUD	Total AUD
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	-	30,427,266	-	30,427,266
	_	30,427,266	-	30,427,266
30 September 2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	AUD	AUD	AUD	AUD
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	-	22,658,876	-	22,658,876
	-	22,658,876	-	22,658,876

There have been no transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy during the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2020

19. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's capital comprises the funds it has raised through the issue of share capital.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to ensure that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern, the Board continuously monitors forecast and actual cash flows and matches the maturity profiles of assets and liabilities. The Board has also considered the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic subsequent to the year end, and does not believe that this will have a significant impact on the Company's capital or its ability to continue as a going concern. The Company has no external borrowings.

Shareholders may be able to redeem their Shares prior to the Redemption Date, however such redemptions are wholly at the discretion of the Directors, and any request for redemption may be refused in whole or in part. No early redemptions will be permitted unless the Directors are satisfied that they have complied with all applicable law, including satisfaction of the solvency test as required by the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. There have been no changes to the Company's objectives policies and procedures for managing capital since the previous year end.

20. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

The impact of the Covid-19 pandemic subsequent to the year end on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and on its investments has been assessed in notes 2 and 19.

There were no significant post year end events requiring disclosure in these financial statements.